THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 1048. COLORADO SPRINGS, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20 1881. Price, Five Cents

THE NATION'S GRIEF.

After Weary Months of Suffering,

And in Spite of a Nation's Prayers,

President Garfield Ends His Noble Life

On the Very Threshold of Its Usefulness.

The Sad Story of His Last Hours.

The News in Various Cities and Comments of the Press.

Sunday Despatches.

ELBERON, Sunday, 9.00 a. m.—The president passed a comfortable night, and had no febrile rise. There is renewed hope.

MORNING BULLETIN.

ELBERON, Sunday, September 18, 9.00 a. m.—At the examination of the president at 8.30 a. m., the temperature was 98, pulse 102, respiration 18. There was no perceptible febrile rise during the night, the pulse ranging from 102 to 118. The cough was less troublesome than on previous nights, and the expectoration unchanged. He is able to take nourishment and the stimulant required without gastric disturbance, nor has there been any evidence of mental aberration during the night.

(Signed) D. H. AGNEW,
D. W. BLISS.
F. H. HAMILTON.

SLIGHTLY ENCOURAGING.

ELBERON, N. J., September 18.—Dr. Hamilton, in conversation with an associated press reporter, said: "While the bulletin is not reassuring to a decided degree, there is reason to feel slightly encouraged over the president's condition at the morning dressing." General Swaim says the discharge from the wound is more healthy in appearance and the wound looks better.

COMFORTABLE DAY.

ELBERON, September 18.—The president is having a comfortable day. Colonel Swaim considers that he is having the best Sunday he has had for several weeks.

The members of the cabinet have called at the Francklyn cottage this morning and express themselves as feeling that there is no reason to anticipate any immediate danger.

General Grant also called this morning. He says he was informed that the president was doing nicely.

NO RECURRENCE OF RIGORS.

ELBERON, September 18—1 p. m.—There has been no indication thus far to warrant an opinion that there will be any recurrence of rigors to-day. The president has had a very comfortable day thus far.

This is not construed by the attending surgeons as ground for reassurance, and those who are constantly with the patient do not venture to predict that there will be no further complications. In fact they intimate that there is great probability of further unfavorable developments. At this hour the temperature is rising.

EVENING BULLETIN.

ELBERON, September 18.—The president, though quite weak, has passed a very quiet day. There has been no recurrence of chills nor mental disturbances. At 9 a. m. a slight febrile rise took place and began to subside at 11 o'clock, at which time the temperature was 100; pulse 116; respiration 20. There has been no increase of cough, nor change in the character of expectoration. At the evening examination, 5.30 p. m., temperature was 98 4-10; pulse 102; respiration 20.

[Signed.] D. W. BLISS.
D. H. AGNEW.

ANOTHER CHILL.

ELBERON, September 18.—A colored waiter in the president's cottage just reported that the president had another chill shortly after the evening dressing. He says it was quite severe, and lasted ten minutes. Drs. Bliss and Boynton are in the cottage. The story cannot be verified at present.

ELBERON, September 18.—8 p. m.—Attorney-General MacVeagh just returned from Francklyn cottage. He says that while he did not see either of the attending surgeons, he understood that the president had a slight chill, which lasted about ten minutes.

"GRAVE APPREHENSIONS."

ELBERON, N. J., September 18.—At this hour, (10.25 p. m.) the president is resting quietly, and is more comfortable. His pulse is 122, and temperature somewhat about normal. There is no improvement in the general condition, and the gravest apprehensions prevail.

TO LOWELL.

ELBERON, N. J., September 18.—The following was sent to-night:

To Minister Lowell, London:

The president passed a comparatively quiet and comfortable day, but this evening he had another chill, of less duration than that of yesterday, but sufficient to increase the very great anxiety already existing. He has also been slowly growing weaker and his present condition excites the gravest apprehensions.

[Signed.] MACVEAGH.

Monday's Dispatches.

A COMFORTABLE NIGHT.

ELBERON, September 19, 7.20 a. m.—The president passed a very comfortable night, far better than was expected. He is now sleeping quietly.

ANOTHER RIGOR.

NEW YORK, September 19, 9 a. m.—The president had a rigor at 8.30.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

ELBERON, September 19, 9.15 a. m.—The condition of the president this morning continues unfavorable. Shortly after the issuance of the afternoon bulletin he had a chill, lasting fifteen minutes. The febrile rise followed and continued until 12 midnight, during which time the pulse ranged from 112 to 130. The sweating which followed was quite profuse. The cough which was troublesome during the chill gave him but little annoyance the remainder of the night. This morning at 8 o'clock the temperature was 98.8, pulse 106 and feeble, respiration 22. At 8.30 another chill came on, on account of which the dressing was temporarily postponed.

[Signed] D. W. BLISS.

DR. BOYNTON TALKS.

ELBERON, September 19, 10.15 a. m.—Dr. Boynton says that during the prevalence of the rigor the president's pulse went up to 148 beats and was very feeble. At this hour it has decreased to about 140 beats. The patient is extremely weak and there is cause for great alarm. Bliss is of the opinion that the president may die in one of the rigors should they continue to be frequent.

GREAT ANXIETY AND ALARM.

ELBERON, September 19, 10.40 a. m.—Dr. Agnew says the situation at this time is decidedly gloomy and could not well be worse. The president has not rallied as usual from the effects of the rigor. Much excitement prevails and the worst fears are entertained and justly so.

THE MORNING RIGOR.

ELBERON, September 19—9.40 a. m.—The rigor of this morning lasted nearly twenty minutes, and was quite a severe one. The president is reported as having slept some since it subsided, but is now awake. He has taken a small quantity of nourishment. The frequency of the chills occasions grave anxiety. Dr. Bliss is of the opinion that if the rigors continue for forty-eight hours the president cannot live, and is quite possible that he will be carried off in one of the chills.

THE TRUE SITUATION.

LONG BRANCH, September 19—11.30 a. m.—Dr. Bliss briefly summed up the situation as decidedly critical. He said there was no doubt but that the rigors were the result of extended complications in the right lung, added of course by the exhausted condition of the president which has been caused by blood poison. Dr. Boynton expects the patient to rally from the effects of this morning's rigor, but admits there is cause for the gravest apprehension. He says the chills may continue for some time without serious results, but it is not possible to make any predictions as to the course the disease will take next. It is now agreed by all the attending surgeons that the rigors are the result of lung trouble and the pyemic condition of the blood. Agnew pronounces the case decidedly alarming. The guards about Franklin cottage have been ordered, in the event of the president's demise, to immediately extend their picket lines. The government will probably monopolize every telegraph wire which runs to Elberon and the press dispatches will in that event have to be sent every 20 minutes by couriers.

STILL BAD AT 11.40.

ELBERON, September 19, 11.40 a. m.—Dr. Bliss says there has been no material change in the president's condition nor evidence of repair in the wound and the discharge looks bad.

CHICAGO, September 19. The Inter Ocean's Long Branch special says: There was a sign of life around Elberon cottage from 11 last night until 7 this morning. The patrol around the house made it impossible to send a card to any of the physicians within. The symptoms during the early part of the night were so favorable that Mrs. Garfield retired shortly after 9 o'clock. Swaim and Rockwell were on watch all night. The physicians retired in the early part of the night.

Rockwell has just said, "The president passed a most comfortable night, better than we had anticipated. He slept most of the time and coughed less than usual. Expectoration seems to have decreased in quantity as you will see by the bulletin. I am sure there was not the slightest evidence of a recurring chill. They are liable to happen of course, but they did not occur during the night. Secretaries Blaine and Lincoln are expected this morning. Both were telegraphed for yesterday.

OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

ELBERON, September 19.—The following official bulletin has just been issued.

12.30 p. m.—The chill from which the president was suffering at the time the morning bulletin was issued, lasted 15 minutes and was followed by a febrile rise of temperature and sweating. He has slept much of the time since but his general condition has not materially changed since. Temperature 98 2-10; pulse 101; respiration 20.

(Signed) D. W. BLISS,
D. H. AGNEW.

TO THE VICE PRESIDENT.

NEW YORK, September 19.—Vice President Arthur received the following from Attorney General MacVeagh:

ELBERON, 10 a. m. September 19.

To Vice President Chester A. Arthur, New York:

It is impossible to conceal from ourselves that the president is rapidly growing worse. The two chills occurring within 14 hours warn us to be prepared for any affliction with which God in his mercy may afflict us.

[Signed] MACVEAGH.

LINCOLN WITHOUT HOPE.

BOSTON, September 19.—Secretary of War Lincoln left for Long Branch. He has no hope of the president's recovery.

THE VICE PRESIDENT NOT SUMMONED.

ELBERON, September 19, 1 p. m.—It can be stated on the authority of the cabinet officers now here that the vice president has not been summoned. No action regarding his coming has been taken. He has been advised regularly of the president's condition as he was from Washington. Blaine is still in Augusta, Me., and has been kept well informed of the president's condition. Secretary Lincoln is expected to arrive to-night or to-morrow. Bliss has just gone to Francklyn cottage to make the noon examination. The bulletin is awaited with intense anxiety.

WITHOUT HOPE.

NEW YORK, September 19.—A special reports that Dr. Boynton says the president is very low. His mind is wandering. He says little or nothing. When asked if the coughing had an unfavorable effect on the wound the doctor said he has got beyond that. He spoke very frankly. He said the president was very low and showed no signs of recovery. Chills were to be expected at any time, and their continuance must end fatally. He could not foretell the course of the disease. Death, if it came, would probably come from exhaustion and would not be sudden. The temperature during the last chill was very threatening. They of course were doing what they could to modify the severity of the chills and the suffering of the patient. Blood poisoning is evidently present to a pronounced degree.

Agnew says he cannot really give any encouragement. Being asked whether the final result is to be expected in hours or days, he said it might be in a day or two. Bliss subsequently said the president might be taken off in a chill at any time before we know. Boynton says there is no longer any doubt that the president must soon die. Agnew admits the chills are caused by extension of the lung trouble. This has not been acknowledged by any physicians except Boynton. Stoppage of expectoration is not a good sign. It indicates that pent up pus is retained in the lungs. The pulse during the last chill was so weak it could not be counted beyond 140 but it went higher than that. The president is not improving. He may last a week and longer. It is impossible to predict but the condition is about as bad as it can be.

WEAKER THAN EVER BEFORE.

ELBERON, September 19, 6.40 p. m.—In an interview with a representative of the associated press a few moments ago, Attorney General MacVeagh said there was no new grounds for hope and the president could not last long in his present weak condition. He is weaker now than at any time and the attorney general has the gravest apprehensions. The mind of the president has been perfectly clear all day. There is no reason now to believe he will have another chill. The attorney general says he understands that every precaution has been taken during the day to prevent a recurrence of the rigors. At 6.30 p. m. Miss Mollie Garfield was walking on the lawn with several ladies.

AGNEW NOT ENCOURAGED.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., Sept. 19, 7.25 p. m.—Dr. Agnew said he did not feel much encouraged by the evening bulletin. The case is critical.

HIS BRAVE FIGHT.

LONG BRANCH, September 19.—As to the president's condition Dr. Bliss says it is very bad. The doctor does not expect he will die within a day or two unless embolism should set in and he might live a week. His vitality and resistive powers are enormous; they are perfectly wonderful. Dr. Agnew and himself both remarked this. When one entered the room and saw the firm expression upon the president's face and his manner of speaking it was enough, the doctor said, to take one almost of his feet. Bliss concluded by saying, "Hope is buried only in the grave." There is no immediate emergency in the president's condition. He called for a hand-glass after the morning dressing, and said, "I cannot understand why I am so weak when I look so well." His voice is not so hoarse as when the parotid gland was inflamed. There is no evidence of repair this morning in any of the wounds. The discharges are thin and a little stringy, still he is cheerful. The left lung only is slightly affected. Agnew says, "No hope."

THE PUBLIC PULSE.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., September 19.—Boynton said the president passed a quiet night. The reason for it can be readily accounted for by the extreme weakness of the patient. He is fearfully weak. The doctors then explained the occurrence of the rigor. It appears the chill came on while the morning dressing was in progress and the dressing had to be stopped in consequence. The patient first complained of feeling cold and almost immediately was attacked with a severe shaking. During the time the chill prevailed he says vomiting occurred. The rigor was about twenty minutes, and after it had passed off the patient became comfortable and partook of some nourishment and his pulse fell about three beats, to 140. While the chill was on, his pulse was 145 and very feeble.

COMFORTABLE AT 10.10.

ELBERON, September 19, 10.10 p. m.—The president thus far has passed a comfortable night and is now sleeping. Pulse 120. There are no indications of another chill.

A PEACEFUL SLEEP.

CHICAGO, September 19, 1.30 p. m.—A Long Branch special says the president has slept most of the time since the morning chill. There are no evidences of a change for better or worse for several hours.

MRS. GARFIELD DESPAIRS.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—A private dispatch was received at the treasury department to-day from Long Branch stating that Mrs. Garfield has given up all hope of the president's recovery.

PERCEPTIBLY WEAKER.

LONG BRANCH, September 19—9 p. m.—Boynton says the president is perceptibly weaker than yesterday. There was considerable mental disturbance last night, and there has been more or less delirium. There is nothing encouraging to report so far this afternoon. He takes his nourishment and stimulants as usual.

THE PRESIDENT DEAD.

ELBERON, September 19.—The president is dead.

THE REPORT TOO TRUE.

NEW YORK, September 19.—The telegram notice of the president's death is now only too probable. The bells of Trinity parish churches will toll about an hour and services will be held during the day or evening according the time of the announcement of the sad event.

THE VICE PRESIDENT NOTIFIED.

ELBERON, September 19.—The president died at 10.35. From what has been ascertained death was from sheer exhaustion. Warren Young assistant to Private Secretary Brown brought the news from the cottage at ten minutes before eleven. The first indication that anything serious had occurred was the appearance of a messenger at the Elberon hotel who obtained a carriage and drove rapidly off. It was supposed that he had gone to summon the members of the cabinet. They left here about 9.30 to-night. Attorney General MacVeagh has notified Vice President Arthur of the president's demise.

BLAINE ON THE WAY.

BOSTON, September 19.—Secretary Blaine and wife and Secretary Lincoln and wife arrived to-night and left at eleven o'clock for Long Branch.

[Concluded on second page.]

Sketch of Garfield's Life.

The following sketch of the president of the United States was prepared by Mr. E. V. Smalley and published in the Philadelphia Times April 12, 1880:

James Abraham Garfield was born November 19, 1831, in the township of Orange, Cuyahoga county, Ohio, about fifteen miles from Cleveland. His father, Abraham Garfield, came from New York, but, like his mother, was of New England stock. James was the youngest of four children. The father died in 1833, leaving the family dependent upon a small farm and the exertions of the mother. There was nothing about the elder Garfield to distinguish him from the other struggling farmers of the rather sterile township of Orange. No one could discern any qualities in him which transmitted to the next generation might help to make a statesman, unless it was industry; but his wife, who is still living at an advanced age, was always fond of reading when she could get leisure from her household duties, and was a thoroughly capable woman of strong will, stern principles and more than average force of character. Of the children no one besides James have made the slightest mark in the world. The older brother is a farmer in Michigan, and the two sisters are, I believe, farmers' wives. James had a tough time of it as a boy. He toiled hard on the farm early and late in summer and worked at the carpenter's bench in winter. The best of it was he liked work. There was not a lazy hair in his head. He had an absorbing ambition to get an education, and the only road open to this end seemed that of manual labor. Ready money was hard to get in those days. The Ohio canal ran not far from where he lived, and, finding that the boatmen got their pay in cash and earned better wages than he could make at carpentry, he hired out as a driver on the towpath and soon got up to the dignity of holding the helm of a boat. Then he determined to ship as a sailor on the lakes, but an attack of fever and ague interfered with his plans. He was ill three months, and when he recovered he decided to go to a school called Geauga Academy, in the adjoining county. His mother had saved a small sum of money, which she gave him, together with a few cooking utensils and a stock of provisions. He hired a small room and cooked his own food to make his expenses as light as possible. He paid his own way after that, never calling on his mother for any more assistance. By working at the carpenter's bench mornings and evenings and vacation times, and teaching country schools during the winter, he managed to attend the academy during the spring and fall terms and save a little money towards going to college. He had excellent health, a robust frame and a capital memory, and the attempt to combine mental and physical work, which has broken down many former boys ambitious to get an education, did not hurt him.

GARFIELD AT COLLEGE.

When he was twenty-three years of age he concluded he had got about all there was to be had in the obscure cross roads academy. He calculated that he had saved about half enough money to get through college, provided he could begin, as he hoped, with the junior year. He got a life insurance policy and assigned it to a gentleman as a security for a loan to make up the amount he lacked. In the fall of 1854 he entered the junior class of Williams College, Massachusetts, and graduated in 1856 with the metaphysical honors of his class. I have seen a daguerrotype of him taken about this time. It represents a rather awkward youth, with a shock of light hair standing straight up from a big forehead, and a frank, thoughtful face, of a very marked German type. There is not a drop of German blood in the Garfield family, but his picture would be taken for some Fritz or Carl just over from the Fatherland.

Before he went to College Garfield had connected himself with the Disciples, a sect having a numerous membership in Eastern and Southern Ohio, West Virginia and Kentucky, where its founder, Alexander Campbell, had travelled and preached. The principal peculiarities of the denomination are their refusal to formulate their belief, the independence of each congregation, the hospitality and fraternal feeling of the members and the lack of a regular ministry. When Garfield returned to Ohio it was natural that he should gravitate to the struggling little college at Hiram, Portage county, near his boyhood's home. He became professor of Latin and Greek and threw himself with the energy and industry which are leading traits of his character into the work of building up the institution. Before he had been two years in his professorship he was appointed president of the college. Hiram is a lonesome country village, three miles from a railroad, built upon a high hill, overlooking twenty miles of cheese-making country to the southward. It contains fifty or sixty houses clustered around the green in the center of which stands the homely red brick college structure. Plain living and high thinking was the order of things at Hiram college in those days. The teachers were poor, the pupils were poor, and the institution was poor, but there was a great deal of hard, thoughtful study done and many ambitious plans formed. The young president taught, lectured and preached, and all the time studied as diligently as any acolyte in the temple of knowledge. He frequently spoke on Sundays in the churches of the towns in the vicinity to create an interest in the college. Among the disciples any one can preach who has a mind to, no ordination being required. From these Sunday discourses came the story that at one time Garfield was a minister. He never considered himself such, and never had any intention of finding a career in the pulpit. His ambition, if he had any outside of the school, lay in the direction of law and politics.

HIS MARRIAGE.

During his professorship Garfield married Miss Lucretia Rudolph, daughter of a farmer in the neighborhood, whose acquaintance he had made while at the academy, where she was a pupil. She was a quiet, thoughtful girl, of singularly sweet and refined disposition, fond of study and reading, possessing a warm heart and a mind with the capacity of steady growth. The marriage was a love affair on both sides, and has been a thoroughly happy one. Much of General Garfield's subsequent success in life may be attributed to the never-failing sympathy and intellectual companionship of his wife and the stimulus of a loving home circle. The young couple bought a neat little cottage fronting on the college campus and began their wedded life poor and in debt, but with brave hearts.

MILITARY CAREER.

In 1859 the college president was elected to the state senate from the counties of Portage and Summit. He did not resign his presidency, because he looked upon a few months in the legislature as an episode not likely to change the course of his life. But the war came to alter all his plans. During the winter of 1861 he was active in the passage of measures for arming the state militia, and his eloquence and energy made him a conspicuous leader of the union party. Early in the summer of 1861 he was elected colonel of an infantry regiment (the Forty-second) raised in northern Ohio, many of the soldiers in which had been students at Hiram. He took the field in eastern Kentucky, was soon put in command of a brigade, and by making one of the hardest marches ever made by recruits surprised and routed the rebel forces, under Humphrey Marshall, at Piketon.

From eastern Kentucky General Garfield was transferred to Louisville and from that place hastened to join the army of General Buell, which he reached with his brigade in time to participate in the second day's fighting at Pittsburg Landing. He took part in the siege of Corinth and in the operations along the Memphis and Charleston railroad. In January, 1863, he was appointed chief of staff of the army of the Cumberland, and bore a prominent share in all the campaigns in middle Tennessee in the spring and summer of that year. His last conspicuous military service was at the battle of Chickamauga. For his conduct in that battle he was promoted to a major generalship. It is said that he wrote all the orders given to the army that day, and submitted them to General Rosecrans for approval, save one. The one he did not write was the fatal order to General Wood, which was so worded as not to correctly convey the meaning of the commanding general and which caused the destruction of the right wing of the army.

ELECTED TO CONGRESS.

The congressional district in which Garfield lived was the one long made famous by Joshua R. Giddings. The old anti-slavery champion grew careless of the arts of politics toward the end of his career and came to look upon a nomination and re-election as a matter of course. His over-confidence was taken advantage of in 1858 by an ambitious lawyer named Hutchins to carry the convention against him. The friends of Giddings never forgave Hutchins and cast about for a manner of defeating him. The old man himself was comfortably quartered in his consulate at Montreal, and did not care to make a fight to get back to congress. So his supporters made use of the popularity of Gen. Garfield and nominated him while he was in the field without asking his consent. That was in 1862. When he heard of the nomination Garfield reflected that it would be fifteen months before the congress would meet to which he would be elected, and believing, as did every one else, that the war could not possibly last a year longer, concluded to accept. I have often heard him express regret that he did not help to fight the war through, and say that he never would have left the army to go to congress had he foreseen that the struggle would continue beyond the year 1863. He continued his military service up to the time congress met.

On entering congress in December, 1863, General Garfield was placed upon the committees on military affairs, with Schenck and Farnsworth, who were also fresh from the field. He took an active part in the debates of the house, and won a recognition which few new members succeed in gaining. He was not popular among his fellow members during his first term. They thought him something of a prelate because he sometimes showed his scholarship in his speeches, and they were jealous of his prominence. His solid attainments and amiable social qualities enabled him to overcome his prejudice during his second term, and he became on terms of close friendship with the best men in both houses. His committee service during his second term was on the ways and means, which was quite to his taste, for it gave him an opportunity to prosecute the studies in finance and political economy which he had always felt a fondness for. He was a hard worker and a greatreader in those days, going home with his arms full of books from the congressional library and sitting up late nights to read them. It was then that he laid the foundations of the convictions on the subject of national finance which he has since held to firmly amid all the storms of political agitation. He was renominated in 1864, without opposition, but in 1866, Mr. Hutchins, whom he had supplanted, made an effort to defeat him. Hutchins canvassed the district thoroughly, but the convention nominated Garfield by acclamation. He has had no opposition since in his own party. In 1872 the liberals and democrats united to beat him, but his majority was larger than ever. In 1874 the greenbackers and democrats combined and put up a popular soldier against him, but they made no impression on the result. Ashtabula district, as it is generally called, is the most faithful to its representatives of any in the north. It has had but four members in half a century.

HIS WORK IN CONGRESS.

In the Fortieth congress General Garfield was chairman of the committee on military affairs. In the Forty-first he was given the chairmanship of banking and currency, which he liked much better. Because it was in the line of his financial study. His next promotion was to the chairmanship of the appropriation committee, which he held until the democrats came into power in the house in 1875. His chief work on that committee was a steady and judicious reduction of the expenses of the government. In all the political struggles in congress he has borne a leading part, his clear, vigorous and moderate style of argument making him one of the most effective debaters in either house.

When James G. Blaine went to the senate in 1877, the mantle of republican leadership in the house was by common consent placed upon Garfield, and he has worn it ever since. In January last General Garfield was elected to the senate to the seat which will be vacated by Allen G. Thurman on the 4th of March, 1881. He received the unanimous vote of the republican caucus, an honor never given to any man of any party in the state of Ohio. Since his election he has been the recipient of many complimentary manifestations in Washington and in Ohio.

GARFIELD AS A LEADER.

As a leader in the house he is more cautious and less dashing than Blaine, and his judicial turn of mind makes him too prone to look for two sides of a question for him to be an efficient partisan. When the issue finally touches his convictions, however, he becomes thoroughly aroused and strikes tremendous blows. Blaine's tactics were to continually harass the enemy by sharpshooting surprises and picket firing. Garfield waits for an opportunity to deliver a pitched battle, and his generalship is shown to best advantage when the fight is a fair one and waged on grounds where each party thinks itself strongest. Then his solid shot of argument is exceedingly effective. On the stump Garfield is one of the very best orators in the republican party. He has a good voice, an air of evident sincerity, great clearness and vigor of statement and a way of knitting his arguments together so as to make a speech deepen its impression on the mind of the hearer until the climax is reached.

Of his industry and studious habits a great deal might be said, but a single illustration will have to suffice here. Once during the busiest part of a very busy session at Washington I found him in his library behind a big barricade of books. This was no unusual sight but when I glanced at the volumes I saw that they were all different editions of Horace, or books relating to that poet. "I find that I am overworked and need recreation," said the general. "Now my theory is that the best way to rest the mind is not to let it be idle, but to put it at something quite out of the ordinary line of employment. So I am resting by learning all the congressional library can show about Horace and the various editions and translations of his poems."

GARFIELD AT HOME.

Gen. Garfield is the possessor of two homes, and his family migrates twice a year. Some ten years ago, finding how unsatisfactory life was in hotels and boarding houses, he bought a lot of ground on the corner of Thirteenth and I streets, in Washington, and with money borrowed of a friend built a plain, substantial three story house. A wing was extended afterwards to make a room for the fast-growing library. The money was repaid in time, and was probably saved in great part from what would otherwise have gone to landlords. The children grew up in pleasant home surroundings, and the house became a centre of much simple and cordial hospitality. Five or six years ago the little cottage at Hiram was sold, and for a time the only residence the Garfields had in his district, was a summer house he built on Little Mountain, a bold elevation in Lake county, which commands a view of 30 miles of rich farming country stretched along the shore of Lake Erie. Three years ago he bought a farm in Mentor, in the same county, lying on both sides of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern railroad. Here his family spend all the time when he is free from his duties in Washington. The farm house is a low, old-fashioned, story-and-a-half building, but its limited accommodations have been supplemented by numerous out-buildings one of which General Garfield uses for office and library purposes. The farm contains about one hundred and twenty acres of excellent land, in a high state of cultivation, and the congressman finds a recreation of which he never tires, in directing the field work and making improvements in the buildings, fences and orchards. Cleveland is only twenty-five miles away; there is a postoffice and railway station within half a mile, and the pretty country town of Painesville is but five miles distant. One of the pleasures of the summer life on the Garfield farm is a drive of two miles through the woods to the lake shore and a bath in the breakers.

General Garfield has five children living, and has lost two, who died in infancy. The two older boys, Harry and James are now at school in New Hampshire. Mary, or Molly, as everybody calls her, is a handsome, rosy-cheeked girl of about twelve. The two younger boys are named Irwin and Abram. The general's mother is still living and has long been a member of his family. She is an intelligent, energetic old lady, with a clear head and a strong will, who keeps well posted in the news of the day and is very proud of her son's career, though more liberal of criticism than of praise.

General Garfield's district lies in the extreme northeastern corner of Ohio, and now embraces the counties of Ashtabula, Trumbull, Geauga, Lake and Mahoning. His old home county of Portage, was detached from it a year ago. With the exception of the coal and iron regions in the extreme southern part, the district is purely a rural one inhabited by a population of pure New England ancestry. It is claimed that there is less illiteracy in proportion to the population than in any other district of the United States.

In person Gen. Garfield is six feet high, broad shouldered and strongly built. He has an unusually large head that seems to be three-fourths forehead, light brown hair and beard, large, bright blue eyes, a prominent nose and full cheeks. He dresses plainly, is fond of a broad brimmed church hat and shod boots, eats heartily, cares nothing for luxurious living, is thoroughly temperate in all respects save in that of brain food, and is devoted to his wife and children and very fond of his country home. Among men he is genial, approachable, companionable and a remarkably entertaining talker.

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All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

Mr. Harry Iles is the authorized collector and solicitor for the Gazette Publishing Company.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the Gazette to offset any of our accounts.

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

H. W. STEELE,
Manager of the GAZETTE.

An Address to the Voters of Colorado.

Under a provision of the constitution of the state of Colorado, the legal voters of the commonwealth will be called upon to select a site for the permanent location of the state capital at the general election in November next. It is also provided that should no place receive a majority of all the votes cast at said election, then the people shall at the next general election, a year later, decide between the two places receiving the highest number of votes at the first election.

The subject is one that clearly challenges the thoughtful consideration of every voter in Colorado. The convenience and safety of our people for all future time depends, perhaps, very much more upon the exercise of a wise judgment in the settlement of the question under consideration than most voters may upon first thought conceive.

What requisites or qualifications should a town possess to justify its selection as a site for the state capital? It should be located as near as possible in the center of the state; it should be accessible to the people of all sections of the state; it should be removed from the corrupting and distracting influences of large cities; it should be healthful, well-located and attractive, a fit representative of our beautiful state, and it should be able to furnish accommodations for not only such public officials as are necessarily compelled to live at the state capital, but for the members of the legislature, and all who are occasionally called to visit the capital on business.

Colorado Springs possesses these requisites in an eminent degree. Located close to the base of the mountains, at the foot of Pike's Peak, only ten miles south of the center of the state from north to south, and thirty miles from its geographical center, it certainly satisfies the almost universal demand that the capital of the state should be near its center.

No town in the state is so accessible to the people of all sections. Its situation on the main line of the great connecting link that unites the railroad system of the north to that of the south, and on projected lines of railroad, in process of construction, that approach the city on the east and west, would [illegible] it to fully comply with this important condition.

It is almost unnecessary to speak of its healthfulness and the beauty of its situation. It is generally acknowledged to be the most healthful spot in a state noted for the salubrity of its climate. Hundreds of the citizens of Denver, Pueblo, Leadville and other towns [illegible] to enjoy its prospects, and to escape the cold of winter and the heat of summer, the extremes of which are seldom felt here.

Colorado Springs is essentially a city of homes. It neither aspires nor expects to become a great commercial or manufacturing center like Denver in the north, or Pueblo in the south, and for this reason seems peculiarly fitted for the capital of the state. The people of the nation, and the several states, with very few exceptions, have carefully avoided locating their capitals in large and busy centers, the corrupting influences of which would certainly exercise a baneful effect upon legislation. So generally has this custom prevailed that it now has the force of established precedent. New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis, have frequently tried to become the seats of government of their respective states, but their aspirations have invariably been defeated by a wise and considerate people. The thoughtful consideration of every voter in Colorado is called to this important point.

The Colorado Springs company has set apart a tract of ground ten acres in extent, on the beautiful plateau in front of the very center of the town, which will be donated to the state should the capital be located here. No more beautiful nor suitable grounds for a capital building can be found in the state.

Adjoining the grounds donated to the state for capitol purposes there is now being erected one of the largest and most elegant hotels in the state, which with the other hotels and many large boarding houses in the city, will furnish the best and most ample accommodations for all who may have occasion to live in, or visit, the state capital.

To the other advantages above enumerated may be added, freedom from mud in winter and dust in summer, magnificent streets, parks and shade trees; good gas; an ample supply of the purest water; excellent educational institutions, and proximity to the celebrated mineral springs at Manitou.

Owing to its central location, the selection of Colorado Springs, should, and doubtless will, be a powerful agency in abolishing the sectional feeling that has always existed between the northern and southern portions of the state, and which has so frequently threatened to destroy the homogeneity of interests and fraternal feelings that should characterize the people of the great commonwealth of Colorado.

In conclusion, we respectfully urge upon our fellow-voters to abstain from throwing away their votes upon localities that have no chance of success. No mere temporary local interest should be considered at this time, for the question now submitted to the calm judgment of the people is one of more vital importance to the state at large than to any particular city or locality.

MATT FRANCE.
JOHN CURR.
IANTHUS BENTLEY.
C. W. BARKER.
GEO. H. PARSONS.
LINUS E. SHERMAN.
J. H. B. MCFERRAN.
WM. M. STRICKLER.
ANDREW SAGENDORF.
W. A. SMITH.
Committee.
EDGAR T. ENSIGN,
Secretary.

Proclamation.

Mayor France desires us to announce that there will be a public meeting of the people of this city at the Opera House this afternoon at three o'clock to take appropriate action regarding the death of President Garfield. The public schools will be adjourned, and it is suggested that during this public meeting all business be suspended. It is also desirable that this meeting should be generally attended by everyone who can be present.

DEAD.

President Garfield is dead. Though the repeated relapses and discouraging news of Sunday had prepared the people for the worst, still the shock will hardly be less great than if it had occurred immediately after the fatal shot was fired. But it is a shock of a different kind. Then the nation would have been horrified that its chief magistrate had fallen; now that its most beloved citizen has passed away; then that the majesty of the nation had been assailed, now that its most useful and valuable life has been sacrificed; then that a president had died; now that Garfield is dead. There has never been an instance in our history where the sympathies of the whole people have been so warmly aroused in behalf of one person. For seventy-nine days the nation has watched and prayed by the bedside of Garfield. Lincoln was mourned by a patriotic north, Garfield will be mourned by a united country. All sectional feeling has been hushed. All political and personal animosities have been forgotten. The prattling child as well as the gray haired patriarch will weep to-day. No section nor age, nor party, nor nationality will be tearless.

This sympathy was so universal and deep because of his personal character—not his official position. The loss is a personal one to all in this land. He was not simply a statesman but an upright, honorable one. He was not simply an able man, but a man who consecrated his talents to the service of his fellow-man. Noble, generous, frank, manly and sincere, gentle as a woman and charitable as a saint, he was the embodiment of our noblest type of manhood. The American people, notwithstanding the busy stir of their lives, are essentially a sentimental people. The life and success of Garfield struck the sentimental chord of our national character, that every man has the world before him and can be whatever his ability and character entitle him to be.

Of his services to the country much is to be said. Gallantly he fought for the Union until called to a higher duty. In congress his voice was always eloquent for fair play for every citizen, honest payment of the national debt, and peace throughout the land. Though he had not discharged the duties of president for four months when his career was cut short, he successfully enunciated and established great principles of civil administration, and set in motion an agitation that cannot be stopped until our civil service is purified and reformed. The highest hopes were entertained of his administration by all men regardless of party, and these hopes were realized so far as they could be in the short time he guided our affairs. We lament that the hand is lifeless that was so strong to act; the brain thoughtless, that was so wise to guide; the heart pulseless that was so warm to love his country and his countrymen. Such a ruler we cannot hope to be fortunate enough to soon find again.

But we shall have no internal disturbances. Vice-President Arthur is now president and the country looks forward with hope and confidence to his administration. The people will be silent and sad, but not desperate and faithless. There will be the wail of a suffering, but not of a shattered or crumbling nationality. The respect for authority is so all pervading and our institutions so deeply laid in the love and faith of the people, that there can follow no disaster or material change in our affairs.

But amid all our sorrow and grief, every heart will go out in sympathy for the quiet, brave, loyal woman who is to-day a widow, and the once proud but now broken hearted mother. Their grief is too unutterable and sacred to draw aside the curtain. But evermore they will be consecrated, because the life they mourn was given to the people.

MACVEAGH'S ACCOUNT OF HIS DEATH.

ELBERON, N. J., September 19.—MacVeagh has just came to the Elberon hotel from the Francklyn cottage and said: "I sent my despatch to Mr. Lowell at 10 p. m. Shortly before that Bliss had seen the president and found the pulse 106 and the conditions then promising a quiet night. The doctor asked the president if he was feeling uncomfortable in any way. The president answered 'Not at all,' and shortly afterwards fell asleep, and Bliss returned to his room across the hall from that occupied by the president. Colonels Swaim and Rockwell remained with the president. About ten minutes of ten the president awoke and remarked to Colonel Swaim that he was suffering great pain, and placed his hand over his heart. Bliss was summoned and when he entered the room found the president substantially without pulse and the action of the heart was almost indistinguishable. He said at once that the president was dying, and directed Mrs. Garfield to be called. The president remained in a dying condition till 10.35, when he was pronounced dead. He died of some trouble of the heart, supposed to be neuralgia, but that of course is uncertain. I notified General Arthur and sent a dispatch to Messrs. Blaine and Lincoln."

THE QUEEN'S REQUEST.

LONDON, September 19.—Lowell, the American minister, received a telegram from the queen expressing the grief of herself and family at the discouraging accounts regarding President Garfield and requesting that all intelligence concerning his condition be forwarded immediately to Balmoral.

SECOND EDITION.

THE LAST SAD OFFICIAL BULLETIN.

ELBERON, N. J., September 20.—1.15 a. m.—The following official bulletin has just been issued:

ELBERON, N. J., September 19.—11.30 p. m.—The president died at ten thirty-five p. m. After the bulletin was issued at 5.30 this evening, the president continued in much the same condition as during the afternoon. The pulse ranging from 102 to 106 with rather increased force and volume. After taking nourishment he fell into a quiet sleep about thirty-five minutes before his death, and while asleep his pulse rose to 120 and was somewhat more feeble. At ten minutes after ten o'clock he awoke complaining of a severe pain over the region of his heart and almost immediately became unconscious and ceased to breathe at 10.35.

[Signed] F. H. HAMILTON.
D. W. BLISS,
D. H. AGNEW.

MACVEAGH'S DESPATCH.

ELBERON, September 19.—At 10 to-night the following was sent to Lowell by MacVeagh: The president had another chill of considerable severity this morning which following so soon after the one of last evening, left him very weak indeed. His pulse became more frequent and feeble than at any time since he recovered from the immediate shocks of the wound, and his general condition was more alarming. During the day his system has reacted to some extent. He passed the afternoon and evening comfortably, and at this hour he is resting quietly and no disturbance is expected during the night. There is, however, no gain whatever in strength, and there is therefore no decrease of anxiety. [Signed]

MACVEAGH.

ARRIVAL OF THE CABINET.

ELBERON, September 19, 11.15 p. m.—The cabinet have just arrived and have gone in a body to the Francklyn cottage. All are here except Blaine and Lincoln. Attorney General MacVeagh has telegraphed the president's death to them. Great excitement prevails here and the particulars cannot be obtained. The guard around the cottage has been doubled, and no one is allowed to approach it. The government has taken possession of the only telegraph wire which is connected with the Elberon. It will be almost impossible to get further details to-night, as we are shut off from all communication with the cottage and inmates.

HIS DYING MOMENTS.

NEW YORK, September 19.—The Telegram's extra says: At the president's bed side, holding his poor emaciated hand in her own and watching with anguish unutterable the fast vanishing sands of life, sat the faithful devoted wife during the closing hours of the president's career. Around him were other weeping friends and the physicians lamenting their powerlessness in the presence of death. Towards the last the mind of the sufferer wandered. He was once more back in Mentor amid those scenes where the happiest hours of his life were spent. He sat in the dear old homestead again with loved ones around him: the aged mother so proud of her big boy, the faithful wife, the beloved children. It was a blissful dream that robbed death of its terrors and rendered the dying man for a moment unconscious of the cruel rending of his once vigorous frame that was constantly going on. The moan of the restless ocean mingled with the sobs of the loved ones, as the lamp of life flickered and went out forever. Nearly every one around the president clung to hope to the last, and refused to believe the approach of death until the shadow deepened and the destroyer's presence could be no longer unfelt.

Flags were hung at half-mast from every house on Ocean Avenue, and the gaiety of this favorite watering place is followed by the deepest gloom. The struggle is over and death is the victor.

THE CABINET TO ARTHUR.

LONG BRANCH, September 19, 12.20 a. m.—Attorney General MacVeagh has just sent the following to Vice President Arthur: It becomes our painful duty to inform you of the death of President Garfield, and to advise you to take the oath of office as president of the United States without delay. If it concurs with your judgment we will be very glad if you will come here on the earliest train to-morrow morning.

[Signed] W. H. HUNT, Sec'y. Navy,
WM. WINDOM, Sec'y. Treas'y.
THOS. J. JAMES, P. M. Gen'l,
WAYNE MACVEAGH,
Att'y. Gen'l,
S. J. KIRKWOOD, Sec'y. Int.

LONG BRANCH, September 19.—MacVeagh, in behalf of the cabinet has officially informed the manager of the Western Union Telegraph to hold a special wire from Elberon for the exclusive use of the government at a moment's notice. A corps of couriers has been organized between the telegraph office at Elberon and the west end, for the press and private dispatches.

GUITEAU WANTED.

NEW YORK, September 19.—A Long Branch correspondent of the Brooklyn Eagle says: It is ascertained from the sheriff of Monmouth county that if the president dies here Guiteau will have to be brought here at once before the coroner's jury. The coroner can view the body and let it go but Guiteau must be produced at once. The New Jersey law is very strict on that point and the Jerseymen evidently want Guiteau.

Editorial Comments.

THE CHICAGO TIMES.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The Times has a column of editorial chiefly devoted to a sketch of the wonderful career of the late President Garfield. It says the most important of his five months' administration was that to which he owes his death, the contest with Conkling. Throughout its course he bore himself with a firmness and dignity which served to confirm the public confidence and gave promise that in the discharge of his high trust the president would not fail to remember what was due to his own self-respect and to the office of the chief magistrate. In closing this brief review it is hardly worth while to recall the fierce assaults made from time to time upon the character of its subject. No public man in this country escaped such attacks, and in most cases it may be unhappy to be confessed they are well deserved. To say that General Garfield erred at times is but to say he was human but proof that his errors were corrupt or criminal has never been produced. The fact that after twenty-two years of public service, most of them years in which the accumulation of wealth by the venal was easy and the temptations for public men constant and strong, he was still a poor man when chosen president, must be accepted by the candid mind as conclusive proof of his integrity. He served his country well and faithfully according to the lights his conscience gave him and will be held in grateful remembrance for this service for the manifestation and high purpose which he has not been spared to execute.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

NEW YORK, September 19.—The Tribune says: The reaper Death gathers the bravest and the best. After a struggle, which has kindled the admiration of the world for his heroic manhood, President Garfield has gone. From still heights, where crime and pain come not, he looks down upon the mourning nation which he hoped to help by a wise discharge of his duty. Worthier men than Abraham Lincoln and James A. Garfield this country has never seen in so high a station, and each was taken early in the term of power and in the prime of manhood. Toil and poverty, hard life and iron fortitude had not put out the fire of genius. Foul disease had spared them. Deadly bullets in many battles had missed the life of General Garfield, but a shot of an assassin took each from the sorrowing nation. The president's death will cause a less shock but far more sorrow than if he had been shot dead on the 2d of July. There has been time to learn that the government cannot be shaken by the death of any one man however high or great or good, but there has been time too to learn how great and good man was lifted to the presidency by the votes of last November. The great nation holds him in its heart of hearts, and there he will live forever. He is president no more. Only four months he held the helm, but the work done in that short time will bless the land for ages. No other administration has ever done more for the good of the country than this which has just began. The cold and passionless verdict of history, though it may find fault or flaw, will more than satisfy those who loved James A. Garfield most, and will place his name far toward the highest in the list of human rulers.

CHICAGO INTER-OCEAN.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The Inter-Ocean says: Hard as it is for a man in the prime of manhood to die, the blow that has wrought its result was not so terrible to James A. Garfield as to those who mourn his loss. Death comes to all, and whether it be in a few hours or in few days or years, sooner or later, can not matter much in human life. General Garfield had reached the summit of worthy ambition, and his death that immortalized him in the world's history is judged from the standpoint of loving remembrance and enduring fame. The president had little to regret in his hour of dissolution and his immediate family no greater cause for violent grief than those who stood about the bedside of friends stricken in the ordinary way, and bidding farewell to earthly hopes and ambitions. The end of the torturing pain and bitterness that prevailed early in the history of this tragedy has given way to a truer sentiment of grief. The president had grown nearer to the people with every week of suffering. In every household he had been taken close to the hearts of the young and the old, and bulletins from the sick room marked in the daily life of the people, anxiety, hope or despair. Through all these weeks the president was scarcely out of the thoughts of his people and all turned toward him with tender sympathy and loving regards. The death of no public man in the history of the government, save that of Lincoln, has been so generally regarded as a personal bereavement. To say this and to truthfully say it is praise that no one need care to have exceeded in the hour of his own dissolution.

THE NEW YORK HERALD.

NEW YORK, September 19.—The Herald says: In his death the warm hopes and sympathizing aspirations of a whole people are painfully disappointed and the expectation of recovery, so warmly cherished for so long, adds to the pangs of the public regret. All Americans of whatever religious faith and of whatever politics, democrats who opposed and republicans who reluctantly supported his election, are shocked alike by this bloody deed which laid him low. They have watched during these tedious weeks around the bed side of the patient and uncomplaining sufferer with admiration for his cheerful, manly patience and with prayers that he might be restored to vigor and his official status, and indeed the whole civilized world has watched and prayed with them, but it was not to be; and yet the long period of the president's illness has not been lost. The people have learned precious lessons in those days of sympathy and doubting hope, and above all it has prepared us for hearty acquiescences in the fiat which removes the president and brings in his successor. Thus the change which two months ago would have been received by many with a considerable degree of unfriendly and even hostile feeling, will now be consummated with the entire assent of all parties. But while we do not rebel at the advent of the new administration, every American will feel himself bereaved by Garfield's death. Fairly elected to be president he was attacked in the discharge of that great representative office. His remains will be borne to their last rest attended by the unanimous and heartfelt sorrow of fifty millions of freemen.

CHICAGO TRIBUNE.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The Tribune says: The death of President Garfield, though generally expected notwithstanding the prayerful hopes of the civilized world during more than eleven weeks, will fall like a shock upon all. All the long weeks of suffering have served, if such a thing were needed, to illustrate the Christian resignation, clear intellectual superiority and the patient fortitude of this great man. The foremost statesman of his country, Gen. Garfield died as Washington died, mourned by a nation of freemen, loved by his country for all the qualities that constitute a great man, even among the great men of the earth. He died as Lincoln died, the grief of his countrymen intensified by the horrible circumstances of his murder. He died as the pure and upright Christian prefers to die, with an unblemished record and wholly unmindful of personal pain and of the abrupt termination of the highest political distinction, and grieving only for the cherished wife and children whose love and affection made his home an earthly heaven. Around his bedside the American people have for weeks gathered in sympathy and in prayer, and to-day the same people will mingle their tears with those of his venerable mother and of his wife and children as members of a common family, mourning a common loss, a national calamity; a world-wide bereavement. During the long suspense the voice of the faction has been silent. There has been no variance of opinion uttered, and each man has held the stricken ruler as a friend, the dying statesman and orator, the suffering scholar, gentleman, son, father, and husband as of his own kindred. Honored during his most memorable life by the plaudits and free choice of his countrymen, his pathway from childhood as student, teacher, soldier, statesman, orator and patriot, has been one succession of honorable victories won by his bravery and by his purity of life. But the more honorable event of his illustrious life has been the great victory won upon his death bed, the victory of a Christian father and husband and patriot over torturing pain, paralyzed ambition, worldly honors and heart-rending agony of domestic love and devotion. He was conspicuous as the most acceptable of all rulers of nations. The consequences of the vice-president's accession are matters for the future. The great chieftain is no more.

How the News was Received.

AT DENVER.

DENVER, September 19.—News of the death of the president was received here at nine o'clock and within half a minute after the receipt of the news the bells were tolling and within fifteen minutes the draping of several public buildings was begun. The streets were crowded with sympathizing people and expressions of deep sorrow were heard everywhere. Acting Governor Tabor had not issued a proclamation up to a late hour. Mayor Sopris has issued a proclamation calling on the citizens to meet at the district court room to-morrow at 3 p. m. Governor Routt, chairman of the citizen's committee which was appointed by a meeting of citizens on the night of July 2d., to take appropriate action in case of the president's death, has notified his committee to meet at nine o'clock to-morrow morning.

IN LEADVILLE.

LEADVILLE, September 19.—When the news of the president's death reached here there was profound sorrow. The bells were tolled and buildings draped with mourning. The theaters closed upon the announcement and the Leadville mining club passed the following resolutions:

Whereas, During this session of the mining club, intelligence has been received of the death of the president, it is hereby

Resolved, That we regard such death as a national calamity. That we mourn the loss as for a personal friend. That we sympathize with and ask Divine providence for the heroic wife, the mother and the bereaved children. That we demand that stern and unbending justice be done to the assassin and hope for wisdom and the exercise of the highest patriotism on the part of the one who by this terrible act and its results shall succeed to the presidency.

A public meeting was called for to-morrow.

IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 19.—The fire alarm notified all the bell towers in the city at eleven o'clock to-night of the death of President Garfield, and immediately this slow and solemn tolling of the bells brought thousands upon thousands of people out on the streets. The masses of humanity made all haste by private and public conveyance and on foot to reach the point where the reliable and detailed information could be obtained, and in a few minutes the streets where the bulletins were exhibited were full of people struggling to get a glimse of the fatal words, which, for a half an hour, was the only words received, "The president is dead." Although the blow had been expected almost daily for over three weeks the shock seemed none the less dreadful when it fell about the news centres and newspapers windows. It was a common sight to see strong men expressing the deepest and almost tearful sorrow, while the women wept outright and the most flippant and hardened passed with bowed heads as in the presence of some great domestic or personal trouble. Not a light word was spoken, and for once there was no jester in the crowds which surged through the streets. The silence was an impressive and peculiarly solemn feature of the night.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 19.—11.15 p. m.—The bells of this city and neighboring cities are being tolled.

AT ALBANY.

ALBANY, N. Y., September 19.—On the announcement of the death of the president, the bells were tolled. Great sorrow is expressed by the people, a number of whom were on the streets until a late hour. Arrangements are being made to drape the public buildings and flags are at half-mast.

AT RICHMOND.

RICHMOND, Va., September 19.—Immediately upon the receipt of the news of the president's death, the public bells commenced to toll.

IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 19—Midnight.—At this hour New York is as thoroughly awake as at noon usually; extras are being cried through the streets and the whole town is evidently awake to-night. Notwithstanding the news of the death of the chief magistrate has been, so to speak, anticipated for eighty days and nights, there is no doubt but the announcement was received as a thunderbolt out of a clear sky. For the past few days men have been employed in church steeples and fire alarm bell towers to await the dreaded event, and when the solemn news came at last it found the people abed and asleep, which fact really added to the solemnity of the occasion, because nobody was prepared for the worst, and could not possibly have been at midday.

AT SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 19.—The announcement of the president's death was received in this city without any special demonstration except a gathering of crowds around the bulletin boards.

Dispatches from the interior towns say that bells are tolled and the citizens are preparing for formal demonstrations of sorrow.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 19.—At Washington the excitement over the president's case is greater to-night than at any time since he was taken to Long Branch. The streets were thronged. All the population is apparently but anxious to seek the latest news. There is no longer any feeling of positive hope though some are inclined to cling to the probability that hope remains as life still lasts. Crowds linger around the bulletins and discussed the case. The expression shows that the public is prepared to hear the death at any time. It is believed here that should the president die, the remains will brought here and laid in state at the capitol.

Naturally there are speculations as to

THE POLITICAL EFFECTS

and changes, especially as to the senate organization. Among the democrats the belief prevails that the democratic senators will, in the event of the president's death, first elect a president pro tem. here, and immediately proceed to effect the organization of the senate before admitting the two senators elected from New York; and the senator who will be appointed to succeed General Burnside.

One democratic senator, who was in Washington yesterday, said he was opposed to playing a grab game to get the senate organization and would rather give it to the republicans than take any undue advantage to get it. He talked as though he would refuse to go into any movement for the organization of the senate until all the senators entitled to seats were admitted.

GUITEAU'S DANGER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., September 19.—Talk of lynching Guiteau has been revived, and as the news from the president grows worse threats are louder. In the crowds around the bulletins it is not uncommon to hear men say if the news that the president is dead comes they are in favor of taking Guiteau from jail and hanging him immediately. This sentiment finds supporters, but there does not yet seem to be any organized preparations toward putting the threat into execution. The authorities realize there may be a danger and have quietly taken their measures. Military forces are kept ready for immediate use and the militia of the district is ready to respond to a call if needed. It would be difficult for the mob to reach the interior of the jail, even if there were no armed resistance. It is a solid building and well guarded. There is a belief, however, that if the news of the president's death comes here at night while most of the population is on the streets, it would not require much to rally the crowd for an attempt to attack the jail to get at Guiteau.

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J. F. HUMPHREY,
Cashier.
A. S. WELCH,
Ass't Cashier
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NORTH END MARKET, cor. Tejon and Kiowa, Stock & Abbey, Prop'rs, wholesale and retail dealers in the choicest meats of all kinds, ranch and state butter and eggs. We make a specialty of solid meat oysters, fish, game, etc. Orders by telephone will receive prompt attention. 8-1-tf

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TRUE & SUTTON
Dealers in
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FLOUR AND PROVISIONS,
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CASTORIA—For Sour Stomach, Constipation and Irritations of Children. [illegible] cheap [illegible].

ASH TONIC—A perfected Purifier of the System, in 1/2 lb bottles, 75 cents. For Dyspepsia, the many forms of Liver Complaint, Infusing an Impoverished Blood and Functional Derangements attendant upon Debility. The symptoms indicated by Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Furred Tongue, Drowsiness, Blotchy Lips, Sallow Complexion, Pain in the Side or Back, Pimples, Depression of Spirits, Nervous Irritability and Hysteria and for building up the system Ash Tonic is unquestionably the most prompt and efficient remedy yet devised. co tmu sly

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Barber Shop
OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE

He employs none but the best workmen and will endeavor to give entire satisfaction to his patrons. 17 1m

W. T. BENNOX & BRO
Proprietors of
The Old Reliable Transfer Line
And Dealers in
CANON CITY COAL

Office at Coal Yard, near freight depot. Order books at the hardware stores of G. S. Barnes and Durkee & Lee.

METALLIC SLATES OR SHINGLES
FOR ROOFING AND SIDING.
Over 5,000,000 Now in Use on Roofs.
Manufactured by the
Anglo-American Roofing Co.,
New York, U. S. A., and London, Eng.

The best roofing in existence, and adapted to all classes of roofs having a decline of 3 inches to the foot and upwards. No skilled labor or expensive tools required to lay them. Can be taken off of temporary buildings and relaid on permanent structures without damaging the shingles. No other roofing will do this.

A DOUBLE FIRE PROOF ROOF

Made of wrought iron rendered proof against rust by the use of paint, or a coating of metallic alloy, which is not susceptible to the influence of air or water, also prepared with an enameled coating rendering the shingles absolutely indestructible; will last for ages, light in weight, durable and highly ornamented. Illustrated circulars and prices sent upon application. Samples furnished where express charges are prepaid.
Western Depot, 7 and 9 Wabash ave., Chicago.
H. A. ALLYN & CO.
South Pueblo Machinery Co., South Pueblo, Agents. b-21-1m

THE UNIVERSITY of DENVER
For Both Sexes
Opens September 1st
Students Received at Any Time.
New buildings handsomely furnished, with an unsurpassed boarding department
PREPARATORY
AND—
COLLEGIATE
COURSES
Thoroughly Equipped Laboratories
Music and Fine Arts.

Citizens of Colorado Springs intending to send their sons and daughters away to school would do well to consider the advantages offered by
THE UNIVERSITY of DENVER
b-31-1m

Dissolution Notice.

The firm of Aiken & Hunt is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be carried on by C. E. Aiken, who will assume all indebtedness of the late firm and to whom all accounts are due.
CHAS E. AIKEN,
W. F. HUNT.
Colorado Springs, Sept. 1, 1881. 1-17-4

F. W. Heins & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Imported and Domestic
CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.
A Specialty made of Meerschaum goods, pipes and smokers' fancy articles. 1 31 tf.

A. L. LAWTON,
Offers
FOR SALE
The following
Real Estate

[illegible] acres of ground in [illegible] part of city, [illegible] ponds and [illegible], several springs on place, [illegible] improved with [illegible] pipe from windmill to tank for irrigating, lots of fruit trees and [illegible]. Part cash and part secured on place.
Two lots [illegible] house [illegible] blocks from business, on Cascade, facing mountains. Excellent location for boarding, and a bargain if sold soon.
Three roomed house, [illegible], city water, two lots [illegible], one block from business. Very cheap.
Five roomed house, lot 50x190, a corner in north east part of the city, $1,[illegible].
Fifty feet lots on Wahsatch and Corona, four and one half blocks from postoffice at $150, $175 and $200 each. Can sell these lots small payment down and balance on monthly installments. The cheapest lots in the market considering location.
Six room house, fifty feet lot, north [illegible] Moreno, east of Cascade. Rents for $10. [illegible] sell this place at $850 [illegible].
Neat five room cottage, South Tejon street, cheap, $1,100.
Two lots on South Nevada, each $100.
Several lots on east side Wahsatch, south of Vermijo. Terms easy. Each $1[illegible].
Neat three room brick cottage, large brick barn, lot 75x190 feet, southeast corner Corona and Pike's Peak avenue, also one of the best corners in the city, $2,[illegible].
[illegible] acres [illegible] north [illegible] city, $1[illegible].
Two fine sheep ranches in Bijou Basin, 60 acres [illegible] good house and other ranch buildings, [illegible] tons of hay, also lease of [illegible] acres school land. Price for both $2,500, or will sell one for $1,600 and the other for $[illegible]. It will pay those looking for a sheep or stock ranch to look at these ranches.
I also have on my list ranches, garden tracts and other business and residence property that I can sell at close figures.
A rare opportunity to secure one of the finest sheep ranches in El Paso county, only twelve miles from Colorado Springs. [illegible] acres deeded land, three watering places, abundance of water, two good houses, sheds for large herd of sheep, ample range for 4,000 head of sheep. The above is what was formerly known as the Roark and Pennington ranches and can be bought low down for cash or on reasonable terms.

TO RENT.

4 room northeast part of city, $10.
4 room house on Corona st., $16 per month.
The Lincoln store building and stables, connected, cheap.

FURNISHED HOUSES

[illegible] room house on N. Weber, $[illegible]. Vacant October 1st.
3 room furnished house on S. Nevada, $2[illegible].

MONEY TO LOAN
Apply to
A. L. LAWTON
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Oldest Insurance Agency in El Paso County
PIKE'S PEAK AVE.
m 2 tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Half interest in sheep ranches and outfit. Range enough to run 12,000 sheep, large pasture will cut 50 tons hay, splendid water, and everything in good running order. A splendid chance for any one wishing to engage in the sheep business. A bargain to party that means business. Address E. T. Hibbard, Huerfano, Colorado. j 20-12

FOR SALE—A sewing machine and furniture. First house west of the M. E. church, Huerfano street. Enquire within. j-8-tf

FOR SALE—Choice lot cucumber pickles in brine. Crawford & Chase. j-16-tf

FOR SALE—A fine saddle pony. F. A. Colby, Gazette office. h 25 tf

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping purposes. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

FOR SALE—1000 choice grade ewes; herd A L merino bucks. J. M. Givens, Colorado Springs. b-14-tf

FOR SALE—A few shares in two prospecting companies. Skillful prospectors in field. Address box 456, P. O. f 8 tf

WANTED.

WANTED—Girl, between ages of 12 and 15 years, to do general housework. Apply at this office. j 20-tf

WANTED—A few men. Apply to B. A. Fessenden, side track, Manitou. j 18-2

WANTED—Five hundred ewes to take on shares, ranch in western Kansas. A good range and plenty of hay. Address H. S. Smith, postoffice box 557. j 16-4*

WANTED—Purchasers for old papers. Special rates given on large lots. Apply at this office. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Finely furnished five-roomed house, and use of piano if desired. By enquiring of Wm. M. Thornburg, Ladies' Bazaar, 2d door above opera house. j-18-2

FOR RENT—Two pianos, one upright, the other square. Apply to Jas. Duncan. j-17-3

FOR RENT—Four 3-roomed cottages for rent cheap for winter, for house keeping. Mrs. H. M. Johnston, Manitou. j-15-tf

FOR RENT—Small neatly furnished room in pleasant neighborhood. The right party will receive good attention and be made to feel at home. Apply at this office. j-14 tf

COLORADO COLLEGE
Assay Department

Is prepared to do all assays in the best manner and on short notice.

All Work Guaranteed Correct.

Office at Howbert's book store where terms can be had on application. dwh 9 tf

THE
Cochetopa Placer and Gold Quartz Mining Co.

Has 120 acres of Placer land in the Cochetopa Mining district, Saguache county, where they have sunk to 114 feet, reaching bed rock and [illegible] of $400 to the [illegible]. To make further developments they offer for sale a limited amount of the working capital. The books will be closed when this is sold at the very low price of $1 per share. Par value $10. Address either J. H. ADAMS, President, or Esher S[illegible], Jr., Treasurer, Gunnison City, Colorado.
dwh 24 tf

F. G. ROWE,
Real Estate.

MONEY TO LOAN

On good real estate security

In Sums of from $100 to $10,000.

I have a large list of

Residence and Building Lots

In all Parts of the City

And in such variety as to suit all, I invite special attention to the following properties

FOR SALE

One of the most valuable properties on N. Nevada avenue, this large lot 75x190, with beautiful lawn and grounds, shade trees, plum and apple trees in bearing, small fruits in great variety, currants, raspberries, strawberries, etc. Pleasant, cheerful house so situated as to have the full benefit of the southern sun, 8 rooms, several of which are quite large, renting readily at $20 each per month, and always in demand, large closets, excellent stone cellar, etc., etc. The above is in one of the best locations in the city, quiet neighborhood, close to centre of business, where property is increasing rapidly in value.

Cottage house on North Tejon st., near the New England Kitchen, lot 25x190. House well adapted for the use of two small families. Unfurnished house on the alley rents for $10 per month, house on the Tejon st. front rents for $30. Price $[illegible]. Business is growing rapidly towards this property.

Small new house of two rooms on South Cascade avenue, $[illegible].

New two-story house of 11 rooms, high mansard roof and all modern improvements, in the best residence portion of Philadelphia, to exchange for property here.

Well located lot on South Weber, $[illegible].

New residence on Weber street near Platte avenue. This is one of the most completely finished places in the city, $5,000.

Four acres in north part of city, with small house, $1,200, excellent as an investment.

Fine lot on Weber street near Kiowa. One of the best locations on the street.

Neat pretty cottage of four large rooms in Manitou. Nice lot, attractive location, $1,300.

Splendid place near the Beebee House in one of the most delightful and sightly locations in Manitou. Large grounds of twelve acres. Fine residence with verandas and porches commanding most beautiful views, eleven rooms all completely and newly furnished throughout. This place will be sold with the furniture complete, at a great bargain.

100x190 on Pike's Peak avenue with south front, $750.

50x190 near centre of city, just north of Pike's Peak avenue. Can be bought at a bargain within a few days.

Elegant residence on Cascade avenue, one of the finest and most attractive properties in the city, large and beautiful grounds, splendid lawn; choicest varieties of roses and shrubbery. Fine, large two-story house with spacious rooms, verandas, etc. A most charming place.

Splendid corner 50x190 on N. Tejon street, $950.

The well known Underwood ranch on the Canon City road 17 miles from city, 320 acres of deeded land, 900 acres under good wire fence, good house, barn, milk house, etc., harness, wagons, stoves, chairs, crockery, etc. Excellent location for boarders or a hotel. Fine shade trees and a delightful location. This property is offered at a great bargain to close an estate.

Two-story house on Wahsatch avenue, with ample grounds, nice lawn, fruit and shade trees on a corner lot 100x190, $3,000. Fine place for the money.

200 feet front on the west side of Nevada avenue, two cottage houses. Abundance of small fruit trees, grapes, etc. A rare opportunity to secure an elegant lot with the much sought for south and east front, the only corner of the kind offered.

3 good lots on Corona street, $75 each.

95x213 on St. Vrain, corner Corona, $100.

50x190 with small, new house, 2 blocks from P. O. A great bargain if sold within a few days.

80 acres of good land, well fenced, one-fourth of a mile south of Colorado City, $1,400.

50x190 on north side, Pike's Peak avenue, $950.

Splendid corner on Pike's Peak av., $1,350.

5 acre garden tract with small house in very pleasant location, $1,000.

New house of 4 large finely furnished rooms between N. Nevada av., and Tejon st., $000.

Cottage on Cucharas street, 5 rooms, 10 feet ceilings, barn, lawn, shade trees, etc., $1,350.

Very nice place on N. Nevada av., close to business.

100x190 on west side, N. Nevada av., with good house of 6 rooms, splendid lawn, etc., second block north of the square $3,500. Excellent place for the money.

Nice large lot on Cascade avenue, with good house, great variety of fruit trees, splendid lawn, etc. Excellent opportunity to secure a beautiful home at a moderate price.

One of the best business properties on Tejon street can be bought at once to pay a fine interest on the investment.

Fine property on Cucharas street, facing south, with 4 good new houses of 5 rooms each. Rents to pay good interest, or will sell each house and lot separately at very close figures. Nice cozy residences.

400 feet front on North Wahsatch avenue, $1,000.

New house of 4 rooms on West side North Nevada avenue. Lot 50x190, $1,[illegible]00.

200 feet front on the corner of Dale street, house of 4 rooms, $1,000.

Nice 50 foot lot well out on North Nevada ave., $200.

Fine large grounds, with nice residence, on one of the best corners on Cascade avenue. Choice property and a bargain.

Story and one-half house of 5 rooms on Pike's Peak ave., with corner lot 100x190, fine lawn, trees, etc., $3,700. A rare bargain.

Brick house of 3 rooms, built in the best of manner, lot 50x190 with new fence, $850, or will sell 100 feet with the house for $900.

House on Cimmaron street, 5 rooms, $600, will rent readily for $150 per year.

Ten and also 7 acres good garden land in city limits at $100 per acre.

Nice residence and beautiful grounds in the heart of the city at private figures.

One of the best ranches near Fountain. Choice hay and garden land.

FOR RENT.

Houses Both Furnished and Unfurnished.

More are wanted as there is a great demand for them.

A SPECIALTY

Made of first class residence property and vacant lots in the best locations.

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting, or loaning money are cordially invited to call. Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. G. ROWE, Tejon street, opposite Opera House. b 19 tf

WILLS & HALE,
Real Estate Agents.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Real Estate Security.

CITY LOTS,
Houses,
Ranches
AND
Garden Tracts
FOR SALE.

We call special attention to the following bargains:

House of eight rooms facing [illegible] on the best part of N. Tejon street. Full lot 50x190. City water in the house. [illegible] stable on the alley, lawn in first-class order. A very desirable residence. Price, $4,[illegible]00.

[illegible]

Lot [illegible], price $1[illegible].

100 foot front [illegible] corner [illegible] east [illegible] Pike's Peak avenue, price $[illegible].

50x[illegible] ft. on the corner of Nevada and Cucharas, opposite the park [illegible] south and east. One of the best building lots in the centre of the city, price $[illegible].

A well built house and [illegible] of land on Boulder st. A comfortable home for $1,000.

A three house of four rooms [illegible] corner lot, N. Weber, rents for $23. This house we can sell furnished for $1,300, or with [illegible] the furniture for $1,000.

The east half of a block in the north [illegible] part of town [illegible] on Weber street [illegible] eleven 50 foot lots. Price, $2,[illegible].

[illegible] on N. Tejon street. A very fine piece of property. Price $85[illegible].

[illegible] feet on S. Nevada facing east. [illegible] $[illegible]00.

200 feet S. E. corner on Wahsatch three blocks south of the college [illegible]. The land is perfectly level and the location good. Price $1,300.

Lot [illegible] on Emerson [illegible]. Very cheap.

Eight acres of land close to town with a large number of apple, cherry and other trees. Grape vines, currants, raspberries, gooseberries, &c., in abundance. Two houses on the place, one of eight and one of four rooms, both in first-class order. Barn with [illegible] for ten horses and tight board corral. Never failing spring and water supply independent of city ditch. The soil is good and produces large crops. Price $3,[illegible]0.

FOR RENT

House of eight rooms in the best order on Boulder st. City water and gas. [illegible] cellar. Very desirable. Per month $40.

Furnished house of six rooms with stable on N. Tejon. City water, fine location, until December 1st. Per month, $60.

Completely furnished house of [illegible] rooms on N. Tejon on a corner. [illegible] A very desirable place, per month $60.

Two [illegible] on Tejon st. [illegible] per month $10.

House [illegible] on N. Tejon st. with large stable, city water, stone cellar. Fine location. Long lease given if desired. Per month $[illegible].

Several small houses in various parts of town.

WANTED.

A [illegible] office [illegible] week.

BRICK OFFICE, TEJON STREET
Opposite Opera House. h 10

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for our card rates.

JOHN CAMPBELL,
Successor to Helm & Campbell.
ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, opposite post-office, rooms 2 and 3 Strettell's block. dwm-10-tf

WM. N. MESERVE,
DENTIST,
ROOM 12 UNION BLOCK, corner Pike's Peak ave. and Tejon st. h 28-3m

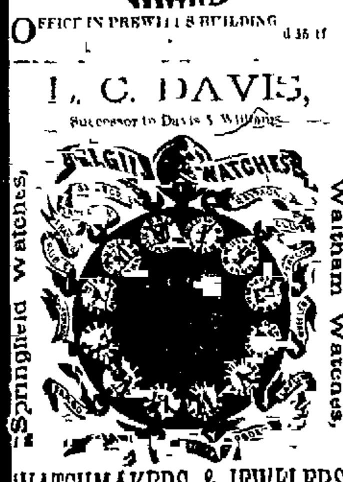
Dr. Chas. F. Edwards,
DENTIST.
OFFICE OPPOSITE OPERA HOUSE. Appointments can be made by telephone. f 30 tf

FRANC O. WOOD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Notary Public and Conveyancer. Office over First National Bank. m 12 tf

DR. S. DAVIS.

OFFICE IN PREWITT'S BUILDING. d 16 tf

I. C. DAVIS,
Successor to Davis & Williams.



WATCHMAKERS & JEWELERS
Pike's Peak ave., two doors east of Tejon street, Colorado Springs. d-10-tf

GEORGE CANT & CO.
House, Sign and Fine Decorative Painters.
Have removed from their old stand to 48 Pike's Peak avenue, east of Tejon street.
Graining, Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging.
All our work is [illegible] first-class. will

Only till Saturday.
THE
GREAT REMNANT SALE
AT THE
Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium
WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE ON SATURDAY.
We must [illegible] OF [illegible] MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
NEW FALL GOODS! NEW FALL GOODS!!
Now Arriving Daily

Out of [illegible] remnants we had this morning [illegible] tomorrow morning [illegible] we will have [illegible]. Come while you have the opportunity. Some at one half the regular price, some at one third of the regular price, some at [illegible] of the regular price.

Splendid New Goods Open Next Week.
We are [illegible] agents in Colorado Springs for the
CELEBRATED RAMBLER SHIRT
The best made and the best [illegible] white shirt in the country
WHEREIT & JONES,
'Veritas ad Finem.'
dwa t tv

50,000
FEET OF
LEAD AND IRON PIPE
AND A FULL LINE OF
PLUMBING GOODS
On Hand and Bought before the Recent Rise in Price.

All manufacturers of lead and iron pipe, brass and nickel plated goods and all kinds of plumbing material have recently advanced their prices from [illegible] to [illegible] per cent; but as I have a very large stock [illegible] bought at the very lowest cash prices before the rise, I propose to give my patrons the benefit of it. All who are in want [illegible]

Gas and Water Pipe
AT A LOW PRICE
Will [illegible] call on me before purchasing elsewhere. I have the largest stock of
GAS FIXTURES AND CHANDELIERS
Which I will sell lower than they can be bought east.
AGENCY FOR
Cambria Fire Brick Co.'s Sewer and Drain Pipe.
Lately authorized by the [illegible] to tap the water mains, employing only first class workmen, I am d[illegible]
Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting
Promptly and in a superior manner
J. L. MARSTON,
No. 36 Pike's Peak Avenue.

GROCERIES.
Linus E. Sherman
Is adding daily to his already large stock. His COMBINATION COFFEE is having an immense run. He will sell apples by the pound, barrel or car load. All goods of the best quality.
LINUS E. SHERMAN,
NOS 29 AND 31, HUERFANO ST
kutf

NEW PLUMBING FIRM
HUMSTEAD & CHILDS
Are now open for business on the CORNER OF TEJON AND KIOWA STREETS, opposite the North End Meat Market. They propose keeping on hand a full and complete plumbers' stock, consisting of
Gas Fixtures, Iron and Lead Pipe, Rubber Hos., Water Closets, Bath Tubs, Etc.
Especial Attention will be Given to Gas and Steam Fitting.
We have secured the service of a competent plumber and a professional gas fitter and will guarantee to do good and cheap work. g 1 tf

WINES AND LIQUORS,
AT
Chas. Stockbridge's,
CHEAPER THAN EVER OFFERED BEFORE. ALL GUARANTEED TO BE OF FIRST QUALITY AND PURE.
DELIVERED DAILY by the Brewery Wagon, to any address, by the Quart or Gallon. Leave orders at Brewery Office, Huerfano St., West Side, or address Colorado City. n 3 tf

AINSWORTH BROWN,
Opera House Block
Painters' Materials and Oils,
WALL PAPER, GLASS,
Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,
ARTISTS' MATERIALS.
Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.
f 10 tf

El Paso County Bank,
COLORADO SPRINGS
Transacts a general banking and exchange business.
W. S. JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Ass't Cashier.

TOPEKA [illegible]
DAIRY,
CORNER TEJON AND KIOWA STS.
Milk and its products delivered by team to all parts of the city. Connection by telephone with all parts of the city and Manitou. h 5 6m

F. A. WESTON,
ARCHITECT
Office, Opera House Building, Tejon St. b 31-tf

S. E. SESSIONS
Contractor & Builder.
SHOP—In block opposite Postoffice. P. O. Box 176. All work promptly attended to. 6 tf

DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1881

TIME-TABLE.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y

Leave Colo. Springs	Arrive Colo. Springs.
10 00 a m	9 30 a m
11 40 a m	11.05 a m
4 30 p m	1 20 p m
6 00 p m	5 30 p m
11 10 p m	10 45 p m

MANITOU ACCOMMODATION.

Trains going North.	Trains going South.
Lv. Manitou 7 05 a m	Lv. Denver 3 00 p m
Lv. C Spgs 7 55 a m	Ar C Springs 6 50 p m
Ar. Denver 11 50 a m	Ar. Manitou 7 40 p m

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

Trains going South	Trains going North.
Express and Accom	Express and Accom.
No 1 arrives 11 5 a m	No 2 arrives 4 10 p m
No 1 leaves 11 10 a m	No 2 leaves 4 15 p m
No 3 arrives 11 0 p m	No 4 arrives 1.30 a m
No 3 leaves 11 10 p m	No 4 leaves 3.30 a m
Denver Accom	Denver Accom
Lv. Manitou 7 20 a m	Leaves Denver 3 p m
Col Spgs 7 45 a m	Arrs Col Spgs 6 0 p m
Arr at Denver 11 50 a m	Manitou 7.30 p m

Through tickets for sale to all principal cities East of the depot—Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to night trains. Elegant reclining chair cars on day trains. Observation cars on daylight trains through the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canon.

For full information call on or address

J M PETISON Agent

LEGAL NOTICES.

Administrators notices four times	$5 00
Executors	4 00
Final Settlement	4 00
All other notices of the same kind	5 00
Additional insertions at same rate each time	1 00
Land notices one party only	5 50
Land notices for each party after first in same notice	1 50
Trustees and Sheriff's Sales	8 00

H W STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.
ABE ROBERTS,
Proprietor of Mountaineer

Mayor Lunco and wife are home from their eastern trip

Mr H K Pinkney, of Pueblo, was in the city yesterday

Stated convocation of Colorado Springs R A C this evening at 7 30 sharp

The Herdic coaches will be placed on their regular routes this morning for the first time

Mr W P Homan, the well known railroad contractor spent Sunday and yesterday in the city

Mr Frank Johnson has been employed as the college correspondent of the Daily Republic

General C C Howell, of Leadville, passed through the city yesterday morning on his way east

Now is your time to get cheap jewelry and silverware at C S Robbins next door to the post office

Mr F F Robinson was the recipient of many congratulations because he let slip the remark that it was a girl

Mr Charley Leon, of the cashier's office of the Denver & Rio Grande, will leave on Saturday for the east on a visit of several weeks

Mr Harry T Ware the very efficient and obliging baggage man at the depot starts today for the east on a vacation of a month or six weeks

Mr F P Lombard returned from an extended eastern visit on Sunday He leaves in a few days for the San Juan country to look after his mining interests

Surveyors were busy yesterday staking off the ground for the excavation for the new hotel Architect Lamb assures us that work will be commenced in a very few days

The Manitou house will close for the season to-day The house has had, under Mr Jemmings' management, one of the most successful seasons known to Colorado hotels

Dr W S Cockrell of the United States army and a son of Senator Francis Marion Cockrell of Missouri is sojourning in the city for a few days He is registered at the Colorado Springs hotel

Mr C J, Roberts, for years connected with the Cincinnati Times Star, has assumed the position of publisher and editor of the Magnet It will in the future be issued on Saturdays instead of Wednesdays

Mr W. J Maginnis, of the Daily Gunnison News Democrat spent Sunday in the city, He was on his way home from Denver where he had been in attendance at the state fair. Mr. Maginnis is one of the youngest and brightest of Colorado journalists

J H Evans and M D Reed, the alleged patent right swindlers, arrested by Officer Tell in Pueblo on Saturday last, were arraigned before Justice Bentley yesterday afternoon charged with fraudulently obtaining money from Wm Gumm Judge Williams represented the prosecution, and Messrs Campbell and Harrison the defense Owing to the absence of material witnesses the trial of the case was adjourned until Saturday next at 10 o'clock, and the defendants placed under $500 bonds each for appearance at that time

Members and friends of the Young Men's Christian association are requested to meet at the rooms this evening (Tuesday), over the office of the Mountaineer It is supposed that the work of this association lies near to the heart of many residents who are more than willing that it should serve and do its appointed part in the general good Young men especially are called to the front All attend and by your presence and determined spirit give a new impetus to the work.

The St Louis Practical Photographer, speaking of the national photographic convention held in the American Institute building, New York city, August 15th to 19th inclusive, pays Mr F. A Nims of this city the following deserved compliment "F. A Nims, of Colorado Springs, Col, has a collection of stereo and single views of points in that far-off section of our country, taken on dry and wet plates. Here might be made a contrast: Colorado, 2,000 miles from New York, an artist can find time to get up a collection, pay express charges to the convention to make an exhibit for the benefit of the fraternity at large, and New York City, Philadelphia and Boston give it the cold shoulder. Photographers take a note of this "

Last evening as soon as the news of the death of the president was received Messrs Giddings & Stillman commenced draping their show windows in mourning. Messrs. Lloyd and Wilbur each draped a window with remarkable taste.

HERDIC COACHES.

Their Introduction on Our Streets To-day for the First Time.

Last evening Messrs Stevens & Rouse hitched up one of their new Herdic coaches and made a run over the Tejon street and Nevada avenue routes for the purpose of ascertaining just what time it would take to make the trip A representative of the GAZETTE was invited by them to take a seat in the coach as it passed the office on its way up Tejon street, which invitation was accepted

The run was made from the livery barn of Messrs Stevens & Rouse to the college reservation in just ten minutes, including several stops at various points on the route Through Cache la Poudre to Nevada avenue, down Nevada to Huerfano, and thence to the place of starting, occupied fifteen minutes more, thus making the time of the trip twenty five minutes As yet but two coaches have been received, one will be placed on the Nevada avenue route, the other on Tejon street These coaches will start at 6 30 in the morning and run at intervals of every 30 minutes during the day

While the Nevada avenue car is going up the Tejon street coach will be coming down, thus making intervals of only fifteen minutes The following scale of prices have been adopted Single tickets, 10 cents four tickets, 25 cents, nine, 50 cents, and 20 $1 00 As soon as the other coach is received it will be placed on the Pike's Peak avenue route and will be run to and from the depot

BORN

To the wife of William I nnox a boy, September 18th

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion

Reynolds and Westerfield,
Funeral Directors h-5-tf

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers
No 2 Pike's Peak Avenue j 13 tf

W H Converse, licensed pawnbroker. f-1-tf

S B Westerfield, furniture and queensware c-4 tf

Fresh oysters always on hand at Conant & Thedinga's. j 20-tf

Smoke Key West Stubs 5 cents, 6 for 25 cts., at Converse's Huerfano street j 13 tf

Rifles, shotguns, revolvers and all kinds of ammunition, at Durkee & Leo's d-e-1 tf

Shot guns and rifles for rent at Converse's second hand store j-8-tf

A fine stock of albums, cheap as dirt at Monk & Ingalsbe's g-8-tf

FRESH OYSTERS—Booth's select oysters served in every style at Baur's confectionery j-16-tf

A fine line of white vests received by Charles Stearns, Merchant Tailor g-1-tf

ZOEDONE

At Sagendorf's h 6 tf

Barbers merchants, tailors housekeepers, Chinamen and everybody having use for old papers can get them at greatly reduced prices by taking large quantities at this office tf

A nice new lot of vases, mugs, mustache cups, flower vases, wine sets, etc, at Monk & Ingalsbe's g-8-tf

New well finished glasses for jelly tumblers 75 cents per dozen at Converse's second hand store. j-8-tf

White vests made especially for the Colorado Springs trade all ready to put on, ranging from $2 to $4, at Charles Stearns Merchant Tailor g-1-tf

The finest line of suitings ever seen in the city can now be seen at D W Robbins h 18-tf

A variety of seasonable goods marked down to close out at Monk & Ingalsbe's f 23-tf

For the next thirty days lawn sprinklers, fountain jets and rubber hose will be sold at half price by J L Marston j 18-6

All you folks that are fixing up your carpets for winter should lay in a supply of old newspapers. We are selling them very low for a few days. tf

ZOEDONE

At Sagendorf's h 6 tf

Home-made Candies and Cakes always fresh at Baur's confectionery, 54 S. Tejon streets f-8-tf

C Brown, tailor, formerly of London, has opened a store on Huerfano st. h 2s-1m

Clothing, overshirts and underwear made to order at the store of D W Robbins h-18-tf

The Aurora Sweeper, best in the world Monk & Ingalsbe, sole agents g-14 tf

For pure and fresh drugs at eastern prices, go to Church & Co's drug store n-15-tf

Mr L C Davis has the finest stock of Jewelry and the most experienced workmen to be found in the state j 3-tf

ZOEDONE

At Sagendorf's h 8 tf

Gentlemen and ladies are respectfully invited to attend a sociable at F Herman's on Thursday evening next Oyster supper and music $1.00. Gentlemen with ladies only admitted F. Herman j-20-2

Margaret B Cowles, artist, will give instructions in all the varied branches of drawing, together with crayon, oil and water color painting. Specimens of work to be seen at Howbert's book store Residence two doors west of Weber on north side of Huerfano st Crayon portraits done to order. f-15 6t

SEE THIS!—You are not compelled to take your prescriptions where your physician directs Church & Co will fill them correctly and at eastern prices j 13 tf

SPANISH AND FRENCH

Mrs M T Shropshire of New York, late Vice Principal of the "Instituto Literario de Ninas," the Government Normal College at Merida, Yucatan, will receive pupils in the French and Spanish languages, either privately or in classes Address Mrs. M. T. Shropshire, P. O box 1702, or call at Corona Institute, Nevada avenue, three doors north of Kiowa street. h 23 1m.

CORONA INSTITUTE.

Mrs Shropshire takes pleasure in announcing her intention of opening a first-class school for the youth of both sexes No pains will be spared to render this school equal to the best in the east, and while all the branches of a finished education will be thoroughly taught, particular attention will be given to the manners and morals of the pupils Rates of tuition, payable in advance:

Academic dept for term of five months, $40
Preparatory " " " 2[illegible]

French included in both departments without extra charge.

For further particulars, call at the Institute Nevada Avenue, three doors north of Kiowa st or address the Principal look box 1702, city h 23 1m

MINE CONTRACTOR.

The undersigned is prepared to open mines make estimates, examine into and report upon all kinds of mineral bearing lands and undertake the complete working of coal, iron and silver mines Tunnel mining a specialty Sixteen years in Colorado and adjacent territories Address P H Saffiel, Cotopaxi, Fremont county Colorado g-30-tf

GIDDINGS AND STILLMAN

Have received their

Large and Complete Stock

of

FALL AND WINTER

GOODS,

Comprising

Everything New and Attractive

We wish to call special attention to our

Cloaks, Dolmans and Ulsters.

A full line of

Body Brussels, Roxbury and Ingrain

CARPETS.

We will sell any and all of our goods lower than any house in Colorado Call and examine goods and prices

Giddings & Stillman.

j-18-tf

For Sale.

Owing to poor health Captain Graves the proprietor of Pascoe's Hotel and Restaurant offers for sale the

Furniture, Cooking Utensils, Lease, Etc.,

Of the restaurant together with the good will of the business. This restaurant is one of the best established, best located and best paying places in the city. In addition to the restaurant proper there are sixteen sleeping apartments all of which are neatly furnished Remarkable inducements will be offered in order to dispose of the property before the first of September For further particulars apply to

GRAVES & CLOUGH.

b-17-tf

At Greatly Reduced Prices,

Everything in the line of

Millinery

To close out summer goods. A large line of fancy goods, English crewels, zephyrs, chib silks filling silks, etc, at low prices

STAMPING DONE TO ORDER.

FEATHERS

Cleaned, curled and dyed in all the stylish colors.

The Chicago Store,

OPPOSITE EL PASO COUNTY BANK.
e-10-tf P ERICKSON

WEATHERBY BROS.,

Will continue to sell at

Reduced Prices

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

We are offering

REMNANTS

of

Dress Goods

AND

ODDS AND ENDS

Of our stock generally at prices that cannot fail to be appreciated

Give Us a Call and Save Money by So Doing

WEATHERBY BROS.,

23 South Tejon Street

d 1 ly

A. C. WILLARD,

ARCHITECT

47 Pike's Peak Ave.

h-11 tf

B. R. OSTRANDER,

SUCCESSOR TO J G. WARNER,

Lumber Dealer,

CORNER PIKE'S PEAK AND NEVADA AVE.,

Has on hand a well selected stock of

NATIVE AND EASTERN

Lumber, Sash Doors, Blinds, Mouldings Building Paper, Mixed Paints, Lead, Oil, Brushes Window Glass, Plastering Hair, &c, &c, which he will sell as low as the lowest. h 24 tf

M. L. DeCoursey's

Real Estate

COLUMN.

I HAVE FOR SALE

CHOICE

CITY LOTS, RANCHES,

AND

GARDEN TRACTS.

AGENT FOR SALE

Of lots in the growing

TOWN OF CRESTED BUTTE.

SPECIAL.

A first-class corner lot on best part of North Weber street, finely improved, with lawn, trees and small fruits, on which is built two houses, one of 6 rooms and the other of 8 rooms, in first-class order, with splendid cellars and furnished with city water. These houses will always rent at good figures I offer this desirable investment for a short time

LOTS IN HAYNES' ADDITION.

Twenty-six first-class lots, much larger than the ordinary town lot, located on East Pike's Peak avenue and Kiowa street, on the beautiful slope west of the Deaf Mute Institute These lots are all fenced and have been planted in trees They command a superb view of the mountains, and they can be sold cheaper than any other lots so near the business centre of the city A fine chance for investment or to secure a lovely home

FOR SALE.

I have a centrally located corner residence property, 160x190 feet, house of six rooms city water, barn, etc, price $2,500, which I will trade for a $4,000 or $5,000 residence property up town, and pay the difference in cash

Several splendid corners on North Cascade Tejon, Nevada and Weber streets.

A first class business property at $1,750, yielding a certain income of 18 per cent per annum.

House of 5 rooms, pantry, cellar, porch, stone foundation, well, 3 acres of ground, east of city, $1,500

House of 5 rooms, stone cellar, barn, lawn and shrubbery, city water, lot 50x190, Vermijo street facing Alamo Square, $1,500, of which $500 may stand

House of 8 rooms, lot 100x190, lawn, trees, city water, etc, North Wahsatch $2,000.

A splendid tract of 13½ acres just north of town, 10 acres under ditch and in garden, rhubarb, strawberries, asparagus, currants, gooseberries, grape vines and fruit trees, good well of water only 11 feet deep; plastered house of four rooms, stable for three horses The entire tract is enclosed with a good fence and is the most desirable garden tract near the city, besides being so close thereto that it will very soon be available to cut up into building lots. I can sell this property at a figure which makes it the best bargain I have on my books

House of 1 room, also small stable, on lot 75x190 on North Corona street. Only $500.

First-class house of 8 rooms, on best part of N Cascade avenue; lot 100x190; fine stable and barn, cellar, city water, beautiful lawn, variety of small fruits, over 300 fruit and other trees are doing well; a very complete property and a great bargain at $6,850.

The best corner lot in the city, facing southeast, thickly covered with trees of 8 years growth, and with a good sod of grass Small house on it

First class business property on Tejon street, rented on lease (secured) for one year at $75 per month Only $4,400 for this prime investment

About 340 acres of the best farming land in the county, between Colorado City and Manitou

House of 3 rooms and 2 pantries, city water, cellar, lot 50x190, Corona between Huerfano and Cucharas. $575

Brick house of 6 rooms and pantries, city water, trees, strawberries, grapes, currants raspberries and fruit trees, hen house, coal house, carriage house, stable for 10 horses and 4 tons of hay, lot 50x190, Weber below Pike's Peak avenue.

House of 6 rooms, city water in house and yard, lawn with fountain, only two blocks from postoffice A bargain at $2,000

House of 3 rooms, lot 37½x190 feet, fenced, city water, Corona, south of Huerfano street $600

House of 7 rooms, porch, city water, lot 50x100, Huerfano, near Weber, $2,500

A beautiful cottage at Manitou, containing four rooms and has a large porch. The cottage fronts south and is located on one of the most valuable lots at Manitou This is the property known as the Thurlow cottage. It cost over $2,000 and will be sold for $1,500 cash, if at once.

FOR RENT.

The finest cottage at Manitou, built of stone, with nice porches, eleven rooms fully furnished, bath room, with hot and cold water all over the house. To rent from September 10th at $135 per month to good parties

Furnished house of five rooms on Nevada avenue $25 per month

A fine ranch in Manitou Park, with plenty of pasturage, nice spring and creek water House of 7 rooms fully furnished, stable for 5 horses To rent for 8 months from July 15th, at $25 per month. A splendid chance to secure a pleasant home in this popular resort.

House of 3 rooms; $10

Four unfurnished rooms centrally located

M. L. DeCOURSEY,
Real Estate Agent

Cambria Fire Brick Co.'s

SEWERAGE AND DRAIN PIPE.

Agency With

J. L. Marston, City Plumber.

Just received two car loads of 3, 4 and 8 inch pipe and fittings It is a better drain pipe, more durable, and much cheaper than iron pipe. h 20 tu

HOOKER, HOLMES & CO.,

Opera House Grocery & Bakery.

MAPLE SYRUP,

OLIVES, TOBASCO SAUCE, SOYER'S RELISH,

Jelly Roll, Lady Fingers, Pies.

j 1-4m

WHEDON'S

FOR

Boots and Shoes!

DOUBLE THE STOCK

OF

Any House in the City to Select From.

Exclusive sale of "Burt's," "Reynolds Bros'" "Sellers'" "Johnson's" Ladies' fine Boots

"Burt and Mear's." "Cox, Young & Gardner's," Stacy Adams', Gents' fine Goods

ALL GOODS CARRIED IN FIVE WIDTHS.

Whedon's City Boot and Shoe Store.

j 11 tf

ASSIGNEE'S SALE!

Large Stock of

Gold and Silver Watches,

Diamonds, Jewelry, Clocks Silverware, Spectacles Opera Eye and Magnifying Glasses One door south of the Postoffice

GREAT BARGAINS.

Must be closed out within the next two weeks

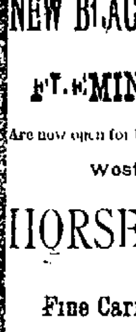
j 11 tf GEO S ROBBINS, Assignee

A. ALLEN,

JEWELER,

South Tejon Street

j 18-tf



Wal Wal Wal Here I are agin before the publick An its only case circumstances kompels me to speak out, that I can overkum my natural modesty sufficient to allow me to kum to the front once more to advocate the klams which my stopin place has to speak—haz up in the publick. You all know what that is an if you don't it's time you was findin out for if you are hungry there's no place in this city town halfway kumpared with the "Old Kentucky Restaurant" as a place to git rail first class meals The enterprisin young proprietor has been doin quite a good deal of free advertisin for the "crack cook" so to speak but he's found it necessary to keep it up till at last he's "struck ile" An' et ye tellin you don't konvince you drop in than an try a meal at his place on Pike's Peak ave, just west o' Tejon st, an' I warrant ye that afore ye are half dun the good things that I bring ye, ye'll give up"

With ease of mind and konshunce
I am yours reverentially,
AUNT PHILINDA

j 11 1m

NEW BLACKSMITHING FIRM

FLEMING & NOONAN

Are now open for business in their new shop on

West Huerfano St

HORSE SHOEING

AND

Fine Carriage Repairing

Are their specialties and they guarantee to do a good if not a better work than can be done elsewhere Remember that they can shoe the best horse or repair the finest carriage

THIS IS NO HUMBUG

h 24 1m

Colorado for Invalids

By DR. S. E. SOLLY,

FOR SALE

AT

E. P. HOWBERT & CO's.

a 2 tf

S. H. MERZBACH,

Professor of Music.

Lessons given on Piano and Organ Also thorough instruction given in the German language Please leave orders at Aiken & Hunt's Music Emporium j 1-m

C. BROWN,

Merchant Tailor

Huerfano Street,

Between Tejon street and Cascade avenue

Employs Only First-Class Men.

h 21 tf

HOTELS

THE

Cliff House

AT

Manitou Springs,

Will be open during the fall and winter Parties can find first-class accommodations at this most delightful winter resort Terms moderate

j 10 tf E. E. NICHOLS, Proprietor

THE SUNNY-SIDE COTTAGES

AT

MANITOU SPRINGS

ARE

Now Open for the Season.

A quiet home like place for those who prefer

SOLID COMFORT TO LOTS OF STYLE

Rates lower than any other first class house at Manitou f-11 tf

W. H. ROGERS, Proprietor.

Buggy and Carriage

REPAIRING

AND

GENERAL JOBBING

Promptly attended to

Horse-Shoeing a Specialty

By PHIL. MOSSER,

At brick shop next door south of Empire House. j 14 tf

DR. ELIZA STILLMAN, who has letters from President Garfield Dean Pratt, Grace Greenwood, and others, attesting her medical skill and remarkable healing power, and who has testimonials from prominent residents of Manitou and Colorado Springs, has returned to Chicago. Her sure Dyspepsia cure and her Family Remedies can be sent by mail Address for free circular, giving letters in full, Dr. E. F. Stillman, 37 S. Ashland avenue, Chicago, Ill. b-8-1y